

The Daily Gazetteer.

Nov. 695

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 26. 1737.

91° 703.

Left Saturday arrived a Mail from Holland.

Vienna, Sept. 7. O. S.



GENERAL Wallis has sent Advice to Court, that the young Prince Ragotski (who takes the Title of Prince of Transylvania) and the Count de Bonneval, are on the March from Moldavia, with a great Body of Troops, to penetrate into Transylvania, thro' the Valley of Bistritz;

are assured, that the Emperor's Plenipotentiaries at Nimirow have sent the same News to his Majesty here.

The Garrison of Widdin has been reinforced by thousand Men more than came by Water, which the Governor sent out 1500 Janissaries, to seize a Detachment of Imperialists on the other Side of the Danube; but the Commanding Officer gave timely Notice of it retir'd, and the Turks possession of their Post, and afterwards made an Entry into Wallachia.

The Government of Venice having extended its Jurisdiction on the Side of Friuli, and also taken in several Forests in his Imperial Majesty's Territories, the Court has resolv'd to reclaim them, and accordingly sent proper Notice thereof to the Republick. On the 4th the Emperor, attended by his whole Council, and the Pope's Nuncio, assisted in the solemn Mass and the Te Deum, which are performed Year upon that Day, to thank God for the Recovery of this City in 1683, when besieged by the Turks, with an Army of 300,000 Men.

The Major-General the Count de Nostiz, who was sent higher from the Army, to be cured of the Gout, having the Misfortune, to be overturn'd by a Road, and sadly bruised, died in 5 Hours after he came to Belgrade. The Duke of Lorraine, who had a Tertian Ague since he returned from the Army, is not yet recover'd; but his Brother Charles, who halted at Presbourg, is much better. The Count de Nesselroth, Commissary-General, is coming home very ill.

According to a List of Contributions exacted by Imperialists in the Turkish Provinces, they amount to 6000 Ducats for Moldavia, 60,000 for Wallachia, and as many for Bosnia.

The last Express which was sent to Nimirow, that the Emperor has acquainted his Plenipotentiaries, that he will give the Porte Time till October, for settling the Terms that he has propos'd for a Peace.

Sept. 3. O. S. We have Advice that the new Grand Vizier has pass'd the Danube, in order to march, with Mahomet's Standard, to join the Turks, who are assembled in great Numbers on the other Side of the Bog, 20 Leagues from Oczakow.

We hear that Count Munich's Army still continues on this Side, without making any Disposition to pass it. Copies are spread here of a French Letter from Count de Saxe, wherein 'tis said, That General Douville, with his Detachment, was advanced to Bacetta, the Capital of Crim Tartary, 50 Miles from Oczakow, and had compleatly plunder'd and burnt the great City, the same that Count Munich began to besiege two Years ago, and had now met with a very considerable Booty; because the Tartars had deposited the greatest Part of their Wealth in it, imagining that the Russians would never come that far any more. 'Tis moreover said in the Letter, that this General Lascey march'd out of the Camp towards Precop. This General has wrote to a Nobleman of his Acquaintance, 'That by a careful Computation, the Number of Villages he had burnt and burnt, in the Eastern Part of the Crim, could not be less than 1000: That this, which was before the finest and the most populous Part of the Country, was entirely ruin'd; and that the Tartars would smart a long Time for all the Damage they have done to Russia, and their several Ruins upon the Czarina's Dominions.'

Sept. 12. O. S. Three Days ago the Court receiv'd Advice of the Death of the Count Moschinsky, Great Treasurer of the Crown, upon the 24 Instant. This Nobleman marry'd one of the late King's Natural Children, the Daughter of the Countess of Cosel. He had been Page to his Majesty, and attended him to France and Italy, where he acquir'd great Politeness, and an engaging Deportment, and was afterwards appointed one of the King's Chamberlains and Great Falconer, and grac'd almost at the same Time with the Order of the White Eagle, and the Post of Treasurer to the Polish Court.

Schaffhausen, Sept. 10. O. S. The Deputies from the Cantons of Zurich and Bern, have not yet been able to reconcile the Populace to their due Submission to the Magistrates, tho' their good Offices have been back'd with the Mediation of France by her Consul. The Grand Point is to prevent that Anarchy to which all the Precedings of the Populace have a Tendency; and the only Method to hinder it, seems to be to maintain the Authority of the Magistrates, and to re-establish the Form of the Government as it was before the Year 1734, by giving that Authority to the Councils of the Republick, which they challenge from the Laws and Edicts: An Authority which the Magistrates cannot in Justice be reproach'd with having abus'd, or having aim'd at any Power incompatible therewith. One favourable Circumstance in this whole Affair is, that among the Citizens there's a very great Number who remain attach'd to the Magistrates, and blame the Conduct of the rest of their Countrymen: And those who are retir'd to the Dominions of Savoy, are all of the Well-affected Party; so that their going off was for no other Reason, but that they might not be confounded with the Mutineers.

From the London Gazette.

Vienna, Sept. 14. N. S. This Court has received a Courier from Niemeroff, with Letters of the 26th inst. N. S. by which they are inform'd, that the Russian Plenipotentiaries had deliver'd to the Turks, what was call'd their *Ultimatum*, on the 24th; which consists, as is said, in Demands of the formal Cession of Asoph and Oczakow, and to have, instead of the Crimea, the Island of Taman, besides some Districts of Lands in the Neighbourhood of the Boristhenes: That none of the two Parties shall for the future navigate upon the Black Sea with armed Ships; and that if the Tartars should attempt to make new Incursions for the future upon the Russian Territories, the Czarina may have it in her Power to chastise them as she shall think proper, without being tax'd to have broken the Peace between her and the Ottoman Porte. It is assur'd that the Demands of the Imperial Plenipotentiaries consist only upon *Uti Possidetis* at the Time of the Signing; to which, it is said, the Turks shew'd no great Reluctancy: But as to the Demands of the Muscovites, they found themselves oblig'd to send a Courier to Constantinople for new Orders; for which Purpose they desired Passports, as well from the Imperial as from the Russian Plenipotentiaries, which were granted them. Count Seckendorff is suppos'd to be on his March towards Zwoornick in Bosnia, as is likewise Prince Hildburghausen: Count Kevenhuller remains with about 12000 Men at Precop, or in that Neighbourhood, in order to cover Nissa, and preserve the Communication with the Danube; and Count Wallis is to be reinforced with 3 or 4000 Men, and to remain in Wallachia and Moldavia. Count Konigsberg Erps, who was formerly at the Hague, set out the 12th Instant for Nancy, in order with Baron Reischack (who is to follow him in a few Days) to regulate the Limits of Lorraine and Alsace; Count Colorado and Baron Palm having declined to be charg'd with that Commission.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Elfenour, Sept. 24. N. S. My last was of the 21st Instant, since the following Masters have arriv'd, viz. Alexander Ramsey, of and from Dundee for Lubeck; Stephen Marshall, of and from Burlington for Stockholm; George Lumisdale, of and for Dundee from Lubeck.

Those for the Baltick are sail'd, with the Wind

at N. W. which continues, whereby some of the outward are still detain'd.

Amsterdam, Sept. 30. N. S. On the 28th Instant arriv'd the Contant, Peter Smith, from Lisbon. At Genoa, the Charles, John Rogers, from London.

HOME PORTS.

Portsmouth, Sept. 23. Yesterday came in the Eagle, Raven, from Lisbon; and a new Brigantine, Capt. Pratt, from Exon, with Bale Goods for London, to stop a Leak.

Deal, Sept. 23. Wind E. N. E. We have had very dirty, blowing Weather, for two Days past. Several Ships that were sail'd, put back last Night and this Morning, and are now sailing again to the Westward. The Thames, Marchant, for Smyrna and Constantinople, put back this Morning. Arriv'd the King of Portugal, Hughes, from Lisbon; and the Mercury, Blackleer, from Guiney.

Deal, Sept. 24. Wind S. W. All the outward bound sail'd Yesterday. No Ship in the Downs. Came down and sail'd the Eagle, Millikin, for Cadiz. Arriv'd the Ann and Constant, from Barbados; the Blanchard, Blanchard, from Newfoundland.

Gravesend, Sept. 25. Pass'd by the Neptune, Playters, from Jamaica; the Duke de Humier, Judgson, from Bologne; and the Oldner, Simmonds, from Norway.

The Johnson, Crockat, from London and Madeira, is arriv'd at Jamaica; and the John, Pipon, from London at Antigua.

LONDON.

They write from Stockholm, That notwithstanding the several Representations made to that Court against the East-India Company establish'd in that Country, they go on as before, and are fitting out another Ship for China.

Private Letters from Munich say, that an extraordinary Ambassador is soon expected there from King Carlos, to demand the Princess Mary-Antoinetta-Walpurge of Bavaria, in Marriage for his Sicilian Majesty; and that Preparations are actually making to celebrate the same by Proxy.

The King of Great Britain and the States General have return'd Thanks, by their Ministers at the Hague, to the Courts of Vienna and France, for their Communication of the Treaty concluded betwixt those two Courts; and have order'd their Thanks to be accompany'd with a Declaration, That as the Articles of the said Treaty have no Relation to their Interests, directly or indirectly, they think they may be excus'd from having any Thing to do with it.

His Excellency Mr. Keene, the British Minister at the Court of Spain, having received a Letter from the King his Master, notifying the happy Delivery of the Princess of Wales of a Princess, has deliver'd the same to the King of Spain in a private Audience; after which he notify'd the same in an Audience of the Queen and the Royal Family.

A Person who was Jeweller to the Queen of France, having lately retir'd from France to Brussels, on Account of some Intrigues he was suspected to be concern'd in, and the Court of France having sent thither, to desire that his Person might be secur'd, he was accordingly apprehended there last Saturday Fortnight, by a Detachment of the Garrison; and, no doubt, but he will be deliver'd up to the French Court.

Mr. Charles Boyd, a Captain in the Scots Regiment of which General Colyear is Colonel, dy'd at Namur last Tuesday Se'night.

It appears by a List brought home by another Dutch Ship from the East-Indies, that the Crews of the 8 Ships of their India Company that were lost at the Cape of Good Hope, consist'd of 740 Men, of whom 533 had the Fortune to save themselves; so that only 207 were drown'd.

Mynheer Van Hoey, the Dutch Ambassador at Paris, having prefer'd some Complaints to the Ministers of the French Court, concerning Abuses in the Wine-Trade between France and Holland, M. Orry, the Comptroller-General of the French Finances, was so civil as to write a Letter thereupon to that Ambassador, wherein he tells him, He has sent to

to the Intendant of Bourdeaux, to take Care that the Casks don't want Measure; but that as to the Mixture and Adulteration of the Wines, it will be impossible to prevent it.

We hear from Nisfield in Suffex, that Mr. Whiten, Officer of Excise of that Place, as he was going his Rounds a few Days since, met two Men with two Horses loaded with Tea and Brandy, and he endeavouring to seize the Goods, the Smugglers fell on him in a cruel Manner, and threaten'd, that if he offer'd to stir, they would shoot him through the Head: And we likewise are informed, that one of them has since been taken, and Orders given by the Commissioners of Excise, to prosecute him to the utmost Severity.

This Day John Warwick and Christopher Baws will stand in the Pillory at the Royal Exchange, pursuant to their Sentence, for falsely conspiring against the Life of John Drinkwater.

We hear that Mr. Marston will succeed Mr. Lawrence, lately deceased, as King's Joyner.

On Saturday last Mr. Haines, an eminent Chocolate Maker in St. Paul's Church Yard, was married to Mrs. Goodyer of Bow-street, Covent Garden, a young Gentlewoman of fine Accomplishments, and a large Fortune.

On the 7th of next Month the Parliament of Ireland meets, pursuant to the Proclamation, and fits for the Dispatch of Business.

On Thursday Night last a Woman that sells Lace about Camberwell, Dulwich, Peckham, &c. was robbed the Upper End of Camberwell Grove, by a Man and two Women, who took from her a Box of Lace, and about Three Guineas in Money, and afterwards stripped her Naked, and left her in a Gravel Pit, and stuffed her Mouth full of Dirt in order to prevent her making a Noise; the two Women were for killing her, but the Man opposed it: She begged hard for something to cover her Nakedness, and they at last gave her a Petticoat to put on, and in that Condition she came down to Camberwell, where she was taken Care of.

The Honourable John Spencer, Esq; and Sir Thomas Hobbs, Bart. are arrived in Town from their Country Seats.

Last Friday Night died at her House in Bucklersbury, Mrs. Hannah Grigg, a Maiden Gentlewoman, possess'd of a plentiful Estate.

On Saturday last died at his House near New Palace Yard, Mr. Richard Grey, one of the Principal Clerks belonging to the Auditor's Office for the Principality of Wales.

This Day one Jones is to stand a second Time in the Pillory at Charing Cross, for extorting Money from one Mr. Lione, threatening to swear Sodomy against him.

'Tis currently reported, that the Marquis de Montandre will be appointed Governor of Guernsey, in the Room of General Sutton, deceased.

His Majesty has been pleas'd to appoint Ensign Avery to be a Lieutenant in the Regiment of Foot lately commanded by General Sutton, deceased.

The Beginning of next Week Sir Orlando Bridgeman, Bart. will embark for his Government of Barbados.

This Day her Grace the Dutches of Richmond comes to his Grace's House at Whitehall, in order to Lie in.

Last Saturday their Majesties, his Highness the Duke and Princesses, took the Diversion of hunting a Hind on Hounslow Heath, which crossed the Thames and run beyond Guildford in Surrey, then returned back, and was taken as she was crossing the Thames near Strains; but his Majesty order'd her Life to be spared, and about 5 o'Clock their Majesties, and the rest of the Royal Family returned to Hampton Court to Dinner.

We hear that Mr. Wilson has removed from the Corner of Spring-Garden, to his old Lottery Office, at Young Man's Coffee-house, Charing Cross, which is fitted up, and made more commodious than before; at which Place he will continue to dispose of his Tickets in the most reasonable Manner. He has allotted a large Number of those stamp'd by the Bank, for the Convenience of small Adventurers, to divide into Halves, Quarters, and Eighth Parts; so that those who are not inclinable to depend on the Fate of One, may, for the same Price, be possess'd of an eighth Part of Eight several Tickets. All Business relating to Mr. Jernegan's Sale, which is the Reverse of the Bridge Lottery, is also carefully transacted by him; and those Tickets which are divided into Shares, will be deposited, for the Safety of Adventurers, in the Hands of an eminent Banker. Those who Register their Numbers with him, may depend on the most regular and speediest Notices of their Success to any Part of Great Britain.

BANKRUPT S.

Richard Gibbons, of the Parish of St. George Bloomsbury, in the County of Middlesex, Carpenter and Chapman.

Mary Stanes, of Colchester, in the County of Essex, Innholder and Vintner.

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| High Water this Day | Morning | Evening |
| at London Bridge. | 01 13 | 01 35 |

Bank Stock 145 7-8ths for the Opening. India 177. South Sea 102 to 1-4th. Old Annuity 111 3-4ths to 112 for the Opening. New ditto 110 3-4ths to 7-8ths. Three per Cent. 106 3-4ths. 7 per Cent Loan 114. Ditto 5 per Cent. 102 7-8ths. Royal Assurance 109 to 1-half. London Assurance 14 7-8ths to 15. African 14. New India Bonds 61. 18 s. Premium. Old ditto 61. 16 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 4 l. 18 s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 10 s. Premium. Salt Talties 1 to 5 Prem. English Copper 2 l. 12 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Premium. Three per Cent ditto 3 per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 123 1-half. Lottery Tickets 101. 5 s. Stamp ditto 4 l. 7 s.

Admiralty Office, Sept. 13, 1737.

THE Governors of the Charity for the Relief of poor Widows of Commission and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy, intending to distribute some Relief to the Widows whose Husbands died before the 30th of August 1722, and whose Circumstances come within the Rules of the Establishment: These are to give Notice, That Copies of the said Rules are lodged with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth; as also with the Clerks of the Cheque at Deptford and Woolwich, and the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinsale; where they may be informed of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the said Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpose: But such Widows as live at too great a Distance from the Places above mentioned, may apply by Letter to Thomas Corbett, Esq; at the Admiralty Office, who will send them all necessary Information. And they are desired to bring or send their Certificates or Affidavits to the said Office before the 5th Day of November next.

The SWANZET WATERS

HAVING been found by Experience to cure FLUXES and HÆMORRAGES, both internal and external, Seminal and other Weaknesses in both Sexes, decay'd and lost Appetites, Indigestion, Nauseatings, and Retchings, the Effects of Hard Drinking or Fast Living: And, as from their Styptic and Sanative Quality, they instantly stop Bleedings, and heal all fresh Wounds apply'd in time; bidding fairest of any Medicine hitherto discovered, for the Cure of Consumptions and Ulcerations of the Lungs, if not too far advanced; and from a Natural Combination and exact Proportion of sulphurous, aluminous and vitriolic Particles (not to be attained to by Art) being a most effectual and expeditious Remedy in a Diabetes, a sovereign Restorative in broken Constitutions, bracing up and renewing the lost Tone of the Parts, increasing the elastic Power of the Nerves and Muscles, invigorating the Blood, and enlivening the Spirits, opening Obstruction, and being highly approved of in Palles, Rheumatism, Dropsies (after Tapping or Purgings) Hysterical and other Disorders; the Proprietor of these Waters acquaints the Publick, That they are now to be sold at Daniel's Coffee-house near the End of Chancery Lane in Fleet-street, at the Rate of 8 s. the Dozen in Bottles.

N. B. As great Numbers of Persons, who make Voyages to those Countries which are subject to Fluxes are carry'd off with that Distemper, the Proprietor of these Waters will speedily have a sufficient Quantity of them in London and most of the Sea Port Towns, in order to supply Merchants and Seafaring Persons therewith. Proper Directions for their Use will be given at the Place of Sale.

These Waters will keep well several Years, and the using some Part of a Bottle, and opening of it often, occasions no Decay in the Water, or Diminution of its Virtues.

This Day is Publish'd.

In Two Volumes in Twelves,

THE EIGHTH EDITION, of

THE Life and strange surprizing Adventures of ROBINSON CRUSOE, of York, Mariner; who lived Twenty-eight Years alone in an uninhabited Island on the Coast of America, near the Mouth of the great River Oroonoke; having been cast on Shore by Shipwreck, wherein all the men perished but himself. With an Account how he was at last strangely deliver'd by Pyrates. Written by

Printed for T. Woodward, at the Half Moon between the two Temple Gates in Fleet street.

Of whom may be had,

1. The Life and Actions of that Ingenious Gentleman Don Quixote de la Mancha, the Three first Books in Spanish and English. Price 2 s.

2. The Posthumous Works of William Wycherley, Esq; in Prose and Verse; faithfully published from his Original Manuscripts.



Whereas many of the former manner of the Kingdoms of England, particularly the Water of Pyrmont, have long been in the Merit of England, and afterwards longer in the Possession of others in London before the

Drinkers Hands, it would be a Year old, or upwards of over I have detected Persons filling Bottles (marked with a Seal, like those in which I used to fill the Pyrmont Water at a common Spring, in order to transport and dispose upon the Publick, for the true Waters of Pyrmont. I am, to my certain Knowledge, great Quantities of these Waters were purposely filled in this Country, and imported Year on the Publick designedly, by some Traders in order to prejudice this Fountain, and to the Disappointment of the Drinkers. And on the being well assured of the Integrity of Mr. EYRE, Mayor of the City of London, and being an Eye-Witness of the Improvements made in filling these Waters, whereby they are now of greater Perfection: Therefore I do appoint him, my Brother JOHN HENRY REISENER, to transport England and Ireland the said Waters, which shall be in some measure prevented: And for a further Security the Bottles filled with the said Water will have the his Highness the Prince of Waldeck impressed on the agreeable to a Patent granted them by his Highness the Prince, and all such as are not thus marked, against the above Impression, are not to be depended on to be the Waters of Pyrmont.

Pyrmont, Mar. 30. CHRISTIAN-ULRICH REISENER

THESE are to certify, That Messrs. JOHN HENRY REISENER and HENRY EYRE have caused to be filled, in the sense, 34,113 Bottles of Pyrmont Water, which were filled in a good Season, and when it was in its utmost Purity, and was corked, wired down, and secured by a Patent Composition, after an improved Method.

Pyrmont, May 26. D. JOHN PHILIP SEIP, Mayor and Physician to his Highness the Prince of Waldeck at Pyrmont.

These WATERS are sold at Mr. EYRE'S Water-Warehouse, near Temple Bar. Where also are constantly sold the following Waters, viz.

SPA, BORNE, BATH, SELTERS, HOLT, BRISTOL, &c. N. B. Mr. EYRE employs his whole Time in attending filling the several Waters, particularly those of Pyrmont.

ANTI-SYPHILICON

THE only short and most infallible Cure in the Universe for the Venereal Disease from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and dangerous Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are roughly contaminated with its malignant Virus, and the Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd CLAPS, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely cur'd in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Virus on one Hand, or a venereal Gleet or Weakness on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the French Disease attended with Nocturnal Pains, universal Breaking, and all the other most exasperated Symptoms, are overcome by it, and effectually and much more speedily cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without pairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy or true Venereal Antidote in the World; and this some Thousands bear their great Joy experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Discomfort requires Confinement; but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplish'd, without the Knowledge of the Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie in the Body, but wholly extirpates it Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such likewise as doubt they have some remaining tincture of former Injuries, may by a few Doses of it entirely free themselves from all Suspicion of that Kind, for it admits no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, it remains in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, in Account, in all scorbutick, scrophulous, and even Venereal Eruptions or Foulnesses of the Skin, Glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine yet known can by ten.

The Price of this most Noble ANTI-SYPHILICON is Six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is pointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. RAYNES Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clements Church-Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up with a Black Instructions, by the Perusal of which, all Persons who are ever affected with any Degree of the Venereal Disease, perfectly understand their own Condition, and can know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.